ANNUAL REPORT & ACCOUNTS

2022 - 2023

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that the Thirty Fifth Annual General Meeting of the Members of Alfred Herbert Limited will be held at the Registered Office of the Company 13/3, Strand Road, Kolkata – 700 001 on Tuesday, 11th day of July, 2023 at 2.00 p.m. to transact the following business:

- To receive, consider and adopt the Audited Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2022 and Statement of Profit & Loss for the year ended on that date together with the Reports of the Directors and Auditors thereon.
- To appoint a Director in place of Mr. S. S. Jain (DIN: 00013732), who retires by rotation and being eligible, offers herself for reappointment.

On behalf of the Board

Kolkata 17th May, 2023

> Vikram Matta Director DIN: 00338911

NOTE:

 A member entitled to attend and vote at the meeting is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend and vote on a poll instead of himself and such proxy need not be a Member of the Company. The proxy, in order to be effective, shall be deposited with the Company at its Registered Office not less than 48 hours before the commencement of the meeting.

DIRECTOR'S REPORT 2022-23

DIRECTORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS

The Directors have pleasure in presenting the Thirty Fifth Annual Report for the Company together with Audited Accounts for the year ended 31st March 2023.

1. FINANCIÁL RESULTS

(Rs. in lakhs)

Control of the Control of Control	Company of the Compan	Leaven the second
Particulars	Year Ended 31 st March, 2023	Year Ended 31 st March, 2022
Gross Income	195.27	350.75
Profit/(Loss) before Tax	141.54	80.10
Provision for Tax	0.09	4.94
Deferred Tax	(0.15)	0.99
Profit/(Loss) After Tax for the period	141.60	74.17

2. CHANGE IN NATURE OF BUSINESS:

There is no change in the nature of business of the Company.

3. DIVIDEND:

Your Directors do not recommend any dividend for the year.

4. SHARE CAPITAL:

There is no change in the Share Capital of the Company in the current Financial Year.

5. OPERATIONS:

The Holding Company, Alfred Herbert (India) Limited had infused funds to provide support but the performance of the Company worsened due to Covid 19 pandemic as the demand of the Company's products was significantly affected. In the absence of the required volume of business, manufacturing operations of the Company were discontinued. The orders against spare parts and after sales service wherever applicable have be continued to be executed through third party arrangements.

6. RESERVES:

The Company has not transferred any amount to any Reserve Account.

7. DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL:

Pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, Mr. S. S. Jain, Director, retires by rotation under the Articles of Association of the Company and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment.

Pursuant to the provisions of section 203 of the Act, Company is not required to appoint Key Managerial Personnel as on March 31, 2023.

8. MEETING OF THE BOARD

During the year five meetings of the Board of Directors were convened and held on 28.05.2022, 11.08.2022, 11.11.2022, 08.02.2023 and 29.03.2023.

9. RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY

Your Directors opine the Company's business risk include Cyclical Nature of Business, Non availability of certain Technologies, Cheaper imports including those of second hand machinery and lack of comprehensive Research & Development Facilities along with the vulnerability of capital goods industry due to changes in the Pandemic induced environment.

Also the availability of skilled labour at a reasonable and affordable cost is becoming a major bottleneck due to the current location of the manufacturing division as the whole area has become a well developed IT Area. This can be mitigated by evaluating options to deal with the same on a long terms basis. The Directors and the Key Managerial Personnel have evolved the risk policy and are addressing the same periodically.

The Directors had laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the Company and that such internal financial controls are adequate and were operating effectively. The term "Internal Financial Controls" means the policies and procedures adopted the Company for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to Company's policies, the safe guarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records and the timely preparation of reliable financial information.

10. SUBSIDIARIES, JOINT VENTURES AND ASSOCIATE COMPANIES:

As on 31th March 2023 the Company does not have any Subsidiary/Associate Company.

11. CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION, RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARINGS AND OUTGO

We have surrendered excess Md Of 200KVA to the department and reduced Bd charges and monthly power bill. The details are as disclosed in the Annexure as Attached.

12. AUDITORS AND AUDITOR'S REPORT:

M/s. ALPS & Co. Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No. FRN 313132E), Kolkata were appointed as the Statutory Auditors of the Company at the 34th Annual General Meeting held on Monday, 25th July, 2022 for a term of 5 (five) years from the conclusion of the 34th Annual General Meeting till the conclusion of 39th Annual General Meeting.

The Auditors' Report for fiscal year 2023 does not contain any qualification, reservation or adverse remark. The Report is enclosed with the financial statements in this Annual Report.

During the year under review, the Statutory Auditors have not reported any instances of frauds committed in the Company by its Officers or Employees under Section 143(12) of the Act, details of which needs to be mentioned in Director's Report.

13. AUDIT COMMITTEE, REMUNERATION & STAKEHOLDERS RELATIONSHIP COMMITTEE:

The Provisions of Section 177 with respect to the Constitution of Audit Committee and provisions of Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 requiring setting up of a Nomination and Remuneration and Stakeholders Relationship Committee do not apply to our Company.

14. CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY:

The profit of the Company in the immediately preceding financial year is less than the amount specified under section 135 of the Companies Act 2013 as amended by the Companies (Amendment) Act, 2017 and, thereby, provision of Corporate Social Responsibilities and obligations thereof are not applicable to the Company.

15. DISCLOSURE UNDER SEXUAL HARASSMENT AT WORKPLACE (PREVENTION, PROHIBITION AND REDRESSAL) ACT, 2013:

The Company is not required to set up an Internal Complaints Committee as per the provisions of the Sexual Harassment at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2018. The company doesn't have any employees in its roll.

16. DEPOSITS:

The Company has not invited/accepted any deposits from the Public during the year ended 31st March 2023 under Section 73 of the Companies Act, 2013.

17. OTHER DISCLOSURES:

- There are no significant material orders passed by the Regulators/Courts which would impact the going concern status of the Company and its future operations during the year.
- There have been no material changes and commitments, if any, affecting the financial position of the Company which have occurred between the end of the financial year of the Company to which the financial statements relate and the date of the report.
- The provisions of Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company. Accordingly, there is no requirement of maintenance of cost records as specified under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Act.
- Neither any application was made, nor are any proceedings pending under the insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 against the Company.
- During the year there is no default in payment of loan facility availed from Bank or financial institution, therefore details of difference between amount of valuation done at the time of one-time settlement and valuation done while taking loan from bank or financial institutions is not applicable.
- In pursuance to the provisions of section 134(3)(a) read with section 92(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 and amendment therein from time to time read with Rule 12(1) of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014, your Company doesn't have any website, thus no annual return is uploaded and no link is provided.
- Your company has no employees requiring disclosure pursuant to section 197 read with Rule 5 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014.
- The Company was not required to appoint Independent Directors under section 149(4) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rules 4 of the Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014 hence no declaration is required.

18. DIRECTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

As stipulated in Section 134(3)(c) of the Companies Act, 2013, your Director's subscribe to the "Directors' Responsibility Statement" and confirm as under:

- That the preparation of the Annual Accounts, the applicable accounting standards has been followed along with proper explanation relating material departures.
- ii) That the Directors had selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgment and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the financial year and of the profit of the Company for that period.
- That the Directors had taken proper and sufficient care of the maintenance of adequate Accounting records in accordance with the provisions of this Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities.
- iv) That the Directors have prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis.

- That proper internal financial controls were in place and that the financial control were adequate and were operating effectively.
- vi) That the Directors had devised proper system to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

19. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the financial year ended 31" March, 2023, all transactions with the Related Parties as define under the Act read with Rules framed thereunder, were in the ordinary course of business and at arm's length basis. During the year under review, your Company did not enter into any Related Party Transaction which requires approval of the members. There have been no materially significant related party transactions made by the Company with the Promoters, the Directors or the Key Managerial Personnel which may be in conflict with the interests of the Company at large. The details of the related party transactions are set out in the notes to the financial statements.

20. ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Your Directors place on record their appreciation for the support received from their esteemed customers for their continued patronage, co-operation and confidence reposed in the Company's products.

Kolkata 17th May 2023

For and on behalf of the Board

S S Jain

Director

DIN: 0013732

V Matta Director

DIN: 00338911

v. Matta

ANNEXURE TO THE DIRECTOR'S REPORT

Particulars as required under Companies (Accounts) Rules 2014 and forming part of the Director's Report for the year ended 31° March 2023.

A. CONSERVATION OF ENERGY

- Eliminated High Power Intensive Machines from our system
- ii) Single Shift operation by eliminating night shift.
- iii) Maintained the Power factory close to 0.9
- Scale down the Maximum electricity demand based on the market conditions.

B. TECHNOLOGY ABSORPRITON

- Efforts made towards technology absorption: During the year, Company has carried out its business activities through third party arrangements and therefore, the absorption towards technology and improvement thereto as such, was not relevant and applicable. The Company has not imported any technology.
- ii) Expenditure incurred on Research and Development: Nil

iii) Expenditure in R & D :

NIL

FOREIGN EXCHANGE USED

NIL

 FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNED (EXPORT OF PRODUCTS)

NIL

Kolkata 17th May 2023

For and on behalf of the Board

S 5 Jain

Director

DIN: 0013732

V Matta

Director

DIN: 00338911

v. Matta.



310, TODI CHAMBERS 2, Lalbazar Street, Kolkata - 700 001

Phone: 2230 5621, 4005 1458

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Members of ALFRED HERBERT LIMITED

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

OPINION

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of ALFRED HERBERT LIMITED (hereinafter referred to as "the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31,2023, the Statement of Profit and Loss(including Other Comprehensive Income) the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes for the year ended on that date (hereinafter referred to as "the financial statements")

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act. 2013 (hereinafter referred to as "the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards notified under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules. 2015, as amended from time to time, (hereinafter referred to as "Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2023, its profit (including other comprehensive income), changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (hereinafter referred to as 'SAs') specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those SAs are further described in the "Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements' section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (hereinafter referred to as "ICAI") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act, and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the financial statements.

Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern

We draw attention to note no to the Financial Statements which describes the economic and social consequences/disruption the entity is encountering as a result of COVID-19 and going concern assumption. The company's current liabilities exceeded its current assets by Rs. 417.28 Lakhs as on that date. Further the Company has disposed significant portion of its property, plant & equipment (PPE) during the year. The Holding company has so far infused Rs. 431Lakhs to provide financial support by way of loan to the company. This includes repayment of dues of the Bank towards working capital facilities availed by the company. Operations of the Company have been severely affected due to loss of production coupled with insufficient orders making it unviable to operate the plant efficiently with the required economies of scale on a sustainable basis and in absence of required volumes etc. there is significant uncertainty vis-à-vis sustained viability of the company on an independent basis. The management states that the holding company's support in the future whenever considered necessary financial support as done in the past for carrying out operations in future and that no decision arrived as at date to close the operations of the company. However, we are unable to comment on the continuity of the entity in foreseeable future on an independent basis considering the facts and figures mentioned in the first part of this paragraph.



INFORMATION OTHER THAN THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND AUDITORS' REPORT THEREON

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report but does not include the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available, and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements, or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report with respect to the above.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF MANAGEMENT AND THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance (including other comprehensive income), changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards notified under section 133 of the Act read with relevant rules as amended from time to time. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities, selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent, and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error

In preparing the financial statements, the Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not
detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error,
as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override
of internal controls.

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- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are
 also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal
 financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls;
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting
 and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to
 events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a
 going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw
 attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or. If such
 disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit
 evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions
 may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern;
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the
 disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and
 events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work, and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable related safeguards.

REPORT ON OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

- As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 (hereinafter referred to as "the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- Further to our comments in the annexure referred to in the paragraph above, as required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
 - c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
 - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards notified under Section 133 of the Act, read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended from time to time.

Principal Office

- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the Directors as on March 31, 2023 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors are disqualified as on March 31, 2023 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act, and
- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to the financial statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to dur separate Report in "Annexure B". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the internal control with reference to the financial statements of the Company.
- With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditors' Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended from time to time), in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us.
 - Pending litigations (other than those already recognized in the financial statements) having material impact on the financial position of the company have been disclosed in the financial statements as required in terms of accounting standards and provisions of the Act- refer note no 28(a) to the financial statements:
 - The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - (a) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief as disclosed in note no. 38 to the financial statements, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or securities premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
 - (b) The management has represented, that, to the best of it's knowledge and belief, as stated in note no. 38 to the financial statements, no funds have been received by the Company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Parties ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and
 - (c) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e) of the Companies (Audit & Auditors) Rules 2014, as amended from time to time, as provided under (a) and (b) above contain any material mis-statement.
 - v. The Company has not declared or paid any dividend and has also not proposed any dividend during the year and as such requirement for complying with the provisions of section 123 of the Act in this respect are not applicable to the Company; and
 - vi. Proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, as amended from time to time, for maintaining books of account using accounting software which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility is applicable with effect from April 01, 2023 to the Company and accordingly, reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended from time to time, is not applicable for the financial year ended March 31, 2023.

4. With respect to the reporting under section 197(16) of the Act to be included in the Auditors Report, in our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, no remuneration (including sitting fees) has been paid/ payable by the Company to its Directors during the current financial year and accordingly, the provisions of section 197 of the Act are not applicable to the company.

> FOR A L P S & CO. CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS FIRM'S REGISTRATION NO.: 313132E

> > A.K.KHETAWAT (PARTNER)

MEMBERSHIP NO.: 052751 UDIN:23052751BGQJKL1864



PLACE Kolkata DATE May 17, 2023

ANNEXURE "A" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT (Referred to in paragraph 1 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date)

- i. In respect of the property, plant and equipment and intangible assets
 - a. *A. The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situations of its property, plant and equipment;
 - B. The Company does not have any intangible assets and accordingly, reporting under clause (i)(a)(B) of paragraph 3 of the order is not applicable to the Company.
 - b. During the year, property, plant and equipment have been physically verified by the management according to a regular program of verification which, in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. According to the information and explanations given to us, no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification;
 - c. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the relevant records of the Company, the Company does not have any immovable properties and accordingly, reporting under clause (i)(c) of paragraph 3 of the order is not applicable to the Company.
 - d. The Company has not revalued any of its property, plant and equipment during the year. The Company does not have any intangible assets and right-of-use assets. Accordingly, reporting under clause (i)(d) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company, and
 - e. According to the information and explanations given to us and as represented by the management, no proceedings has been initiated during the year or are pending against the Company as at March 31, 2023 for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder as amended from time to time. Accordingly, reporting under clause (i)(e) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- ii) a) The inventories of the Company have been physically verified by the management during the year at reasonable intervals and in our opinion coverage and procedure of such verification by the management is appropriate having regard to the size of the Company and nature of its inventories. The discrepancies noticed on physical verification of inventories were not 10% or more in aggregate for each class of inventories and have been properly dealt with in the books of the account, and
- b) The Company has not been sanctioned any working capital limits based on security of current assets at any point of time during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause (ii)(b) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (iii) The Company has not made investments or provided any guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans secured or unsecured, to companies firms, limited liability partnerships or any other parties during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause (iii) of Paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- w) In our opinion and according to the information and expanations given to us. The Company has not granted any loan to directors or to any other parties, provided guarantee or security or made investments and accordingly provisions of sections 185 and 186 of the Act is not applicable to the Company Accordingly reporting under clause (iv) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company;
- v) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the books and records of the Company, the Company has neither accepted any deposit or amount

ALFRED HERBERT LIMITED

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deemed to be deposits from public covered under sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Act and rules framed thereunder. Accordingly, reporting under clause (v) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

- vi) In our opinion and according to the information explanation given to us, turnover of the company being less than the threshold limit, cost records as prescribed to be maintained under section 148(1) of the Act are not required to be maintained by the Company. Accordingly, reporting under clause (vi) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- vii) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the books of account:
 - a) During the year, the Company has generally been regular in depositing with appropriate authorities undisputed statutory dues including goods and services tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income tax, sales tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and any other statutory dues, as applicable to it. There are no undisputed amounts in respect of goods and services tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income tax, sales tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and any other material statutory dues, in arrears as at March 31, 2023 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable; and
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no Statutory dues referred to in clause (vii)(a) here above which have not been deposited on account of dispute except as follows:

Name of Statute	Nature of Dues	Financial Year	Amount (Rs. In lakhs)	Forum where dispute is pending
Central Excise and Service Tax Law	Demand of Duty/ Reversal of CENVAT	2005-06	0,48	Appellate Tribunal
	Reversal of CENVAT	2005-06	0.15	Appellate Tribunal
	Demand of Duty	2005-06	1.79	Appeliate Tribunal
7.	Reversal of CENVAT	2005-06	2.18	Appellate Tribunal
	Reversal of CENVAT	2013-14	25.17	Appellate Tribunal

- viii) In our opinion and on the basis of information and explanations given to us and as represented by the management, we have neither come across nor have been informed of transactions which were previously not recorded in books of account and that have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961(43 of 1961) and accordingly, reporting under clause (viii) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- ix) In our opinion and on the basis of information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the books of account of the Company:
 - a. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has defaulted in payments of loans to Holding Company. The period and amount of default is given below:

Nature of borrowing, including debt securities	Name of the Lenders		No. of days delay or unpaid	Remarks, if any.
Unsecured Loans	Alfred Herbert India	431.00	1827 Days	



from Holding	Limited		
Company			

- The Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or any other lenders;
- During the year, no term loan has been availed by the company and accordingly reporting under clause (ix)(c) of paragraph 3 of the order is not applicable to the Company;
- d. During the year, no funds have been raised on short-term basis and accordingly reporting under clause (ix)(d) of paragraph 3 of the order is not applicable to the Company;
- The Company does not have any investment in subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures and accordingly, reporting under clause (or)(e) and (f) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the books of account of the Company;
 - a. The Company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year and hence, reporting under clause (x)(a) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company; and
 - b. The Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully, partially, or optionally convertible) during the year and accordingly, reporting under clause (x)(b) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - a. During the course of our examination of books and records of the Company carried out in accordance with generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanation given to us, we have neither come across any instance of fraud by the Company or on the Company noticed or reported during the year, nor have we been informed of any such cases by the management;
 - b. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the books and records of the Company, no report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Act, in Form ADT-4, as prescribed under Rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended from time to time) has been filed with the Central Government. Accordingly, reporting under clause (xi)(b) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company; and
 - c. According to the information and explanation given to us and based on our examination of the books of account of the Company, no whistle blower complaints have been received during the year by the Company. Accordingly, reporting under clause (xi)(c) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi Company and accordingly, the Nidhi Rules, 2014 is not applicable to it. Accordingly, the reporting under clauses (xii)(a), (xii)(b) and (xii)(c) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xiii) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with provisions of sections 177 and 188 of the Act, where applicable, and details of such transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- xiv) In our opinion and based on our examination, the Company is not required to have an internal audit system as per the provisions of section 138 of the Act read with relevant rules issued thereunder



from time to time and accordingly, reporting under clause (xiv) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the company

xv) According to the information and explanations given to us and as represented to us by the management and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not entered into non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with them and hence reporting under clause (xv) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

xvi) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the books and records of the Company:

- a. The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934;
- b. The Company has not conducted any non-banking financial or housing finance activities during the year.
- c. The Company is not a Core Investment Company as defined in the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions 2016, as amended from time to time, issued by the Reserve Bank of India and accordingly, reporting under clause (xvi)(c) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company, and
- d In our opinion and based on the representation received from the management, there is no Core Investment Company within the Group (as defined in the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016) and accordingly, reporting under clause (xvi)(d) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

xvii) Based on the examination of the books of accounts, we report that the Company has not incurred cash losses in the current financial year covered by our audit and in the immediately preceding financial year.

xviii) There has been no resignation of statutory auditors during the year and accordingly, reporting under clause (xviii) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

xix) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios ageing and expected dates of realizations of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the books of accounts and as mentioned under Para for basis of opinion in our main audit report, we report that we are unable to comment if there are material uncertainties existing on the date of audit report that the company may not be capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of the balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date

xx) According to the information and explanation given to us and based on our examination of the books of account, the requirement for making expenditure towards corporate social responsibility activities is not applicable as per the criteria specified under section 135 of the act read with relevant rules issued thereunder from time to time and accordingly, reporting under clause (xx)(a) and (xx)(b) of paragraph 3 of the order is not applicable.



xxi) The Company does not have any subsidiaries, associate or joint ventures hence reporting under clause (xxi) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable.



PLACE Kolkata DATE May 17, 2023 FOR A L P S & CO. CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS FIRM'S REGISTRATION NO.: 313432E

> A.K.KHETAWAT (PARTNER)

MEMBERSHIP NO.: 052751 UDIN: 23052751BGQJKL1864 ANNEXURE "B" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT
(Referred to in point (f) of paragraph 2 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory
Requirements' section of our report of even date to the members of M/S ALFRED HERBERT
LIMITED)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls with reference to financial statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 (hereinafter referred to as "the Act") =

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to the financial statements of ALFRED HERBERT LIMITED (hereinafter referred to as "the Company") as at March 31, 2023 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS WITH REFERENCE TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Board of Directors of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control with reference to the financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (hereinafter referred to as "the Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (hereinafter referred to as "the ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act

AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to the financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note issued by the ICAI and the Standards on Auditing notified under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards on Auditing and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to the financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system with reference to the financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to the financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to the financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system with reference to the financial statements.

MEANING OF INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS WITH REFERENCE TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A Company's internal financial control with reference to the financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of the financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Company's internal financial control with reference to the financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the spaintenance of records that, in reasonable detail

ALFRED HERBERT LIMITED.

Page 11 of 12

accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company. (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of the financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the Company, and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

INHERENT LIMITATIONS OF INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS WITH REFERENCE TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to the financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to the financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control with reference to the financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate

OPINION

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls with reference to the financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to the financial statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2023, based on the internal control with reference to the financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

FOR A L P S & CO.
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS
FIRM'S REGISTRATION NO. 313 N2E

A.R.KHETAWAT (PARTNER) MEMBERSHIP NO.: 052751

UDIN:23052751BGQJKL1864

Principal e Office

PLACE: Kolkata DATE: May 17, 2023

(Amount in Rs. Lakhs)

			TOURN IN NO. LIERTO
Particulars	Note no.	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
(a) Property, plant and equipment (b) Financial assets	5	0.52	2.78
Other financial assets	-6	0.85	6.78
(c) Current tax assets (net)	7	-	0.09
Total non-current assets		1.37	9.65
Current assets			
(a) Inventories (b) Financial assets	8	6.82	25.69
(i) Trade receivables	9	0.12	0.03
(ii) Cash and cash equivalents	10	9.82	10.44
(c) Other current assets	11	10.46	11.50
Total current assets		27,22	47.66
TOTAL ASSETS		28,59	57.31
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES EQUITY		8,000	
(a) Equity share capital	12	90.00	90.00
(b) Other equity	13	(506.04)	(647.64)
Total equity		(416.04)	(557.64)
LIABILITIES			
Non-current liabilites		960600	
Deferred tax liabilites (net)	14	0.13	0.28
Total non-current liabilities		0.13	0.28
Current liabilites			
(a) Financial liabilities (i) Borrowings (ii) Trade payables	15 16	431.00	521.89
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		Ε.	9
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	157056	3.11	5.85
(iii) Other financial liabilities	17	2,19	
(b) Other current liabilities	18	8.20	86.93
Total current liabilities		444,50	614.67
Total liabilities		444.63	614.95
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		28.59	57.31

Accompanying notes to financial statements

These notes form an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date attached

For ALPS & CO.

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registartion No.: 313132E

A.K.Khetawat

Partner.

Membership No.: 052751

Place: Kolkata Date: May 17, 2023 1 - 39

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

S.S.Jain Director

DIN: 00013732

CIN: U32109WB1987PLC043261

Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2023

(Amount in Rs. Lakh

(Amount in I					
Particulars		For the year ended March 31, 2023	For the year ende March 31, 2022		
Revenue from operations	19	121.11	226.3		
Other income	20	74.16	124.4		
Total income (I)		195.27	350.7		
Expenses					
Cost of materials consumed	21	13.33	144.3		
Changes in inventories of finished goods and work in progress	22	6.82	14.8		
Employee benefits expense	23	400	5.4		
Finance costs	24	(4)	0.9		
Depreciation and amortisation expense	25	0.04	0.6		
Other expenses	26	33.54	104.4		
Total expenses (II)		53.73	270.6		
(III) Profit/(loss) before tax (I - II)		141.54	80.1		
(IV) Tax expense (I) Current tax (2) Deferred tax-charge/ (credit)	14	(0.15)	0.5		
(3) Income tax related to earlier years		0.09	4.9		
(V) Profit/(loss) for the year (III - IV)		141.60	74.1		
(VI) Other comprehensive income (i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss (ii) Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		62	8		
Total other comprehensive income for the year (net of taxes)					
(VII) Total comprehensive income for the period (comprising profit/(loss) for the period and other comprehensive income for the period)		141.60	74.1		
(VIII) Earnings per equity share of face value of Rs. 10 each Basic and diluted	30	15.73	8.2		

Accompanying notes to financial statements

These notes form an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date attached

For A L P S & CO.

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registartion No.: 313132E

A.K.Khetawat

Partner

Membership No.: 052751

Place: Kolkata Date: May 17, 2023 1

T .

S.S.Jain Director

1 - 39

DIN: 00013732

1. OLQTT V.Mat

Director

For and on behalf of the Board of Director

CIN: U32109WB1987PLC043261

Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended March 31, 2023

(A) Equity share capital

Particulars	Amount in Rs.
As at March 31, 2021	90,00
Movement during the year	
As at March 34, 2022	90.00
Movement during the year	
As at March 31, 2023	90.00

Other equity

(Amount in Rs. Lakhs)

	Res			
Particulars	Capital redemption reserve	General reserve	Retained earnings	Total
As at March 31, 2021	0.01	32.89	(754.70)	(721,81)
Profit for the year	-	-	74.17	74.17
Other comprehensive income for the year		-	58	
Total comprehensive income for the year	-		74.17	74.17
As at March 31, 2022	0.01	32.89	(680,54)	(647.64)
Profit for the year	-	-	141.60	141.60
Other comprehensive income for the year			-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year		-	141.60	141.60
As at March 31, 2023	0.01	32.89	(538.94)	(506.04)

Refer note no. 13 for nature and purpose of reserves

Accompanying notes to financial statements

These notes form an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date attached

For ALP5 & CO.

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registartion No.: 313132E

A.K.Khetawat

Partner

Membership No.: 052751

Place: Kolkata Date: May 17, 2023 1 - 39

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

S.S.Jain

Director

DIN: 00013732

V.V.2

Director

(Amount in Rs. Lekhs)

Particulars	For the year ended Merch 31, 2023	For the year ended March 31, 2022
A. CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Profit before tax	141.54	90.10
Adjustment for:		
Depreciation and amortisation expense	0.04	0.60
Finance costs		0.95
Predit on sale of property, plant and equipment (net)	(4.77)	(98.44)
Liabilities/ provisions no longer required written back	(67.68)	(18.66)
Balances written off (net)	0.50	8.92
Provision for obsolete inventories		19.35
Operating profit/ (loss) before working capital changes	69.63	(7.18)
Movement in working capital:		
Decrease in inventories	18.87	58.26
Decrease in trade and other receivables	6.38	42.02
(Increase) in trade, other payables and provisions	(11.60)	(166.91)
Cash generated from/ (utilised in) operations	83.28	(73.82)
Taxes paid (net)	-	(0.01)
Net cash generated from/ (utilised in) operating activities (A)	83.28	(73.83)
B. CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	6.99	102.16
Net cash generated from investing activities (B)	6,99	102.16
C. CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Repayment of horrowings (net)	(90.89)	(20.00)
Interest paid	J. 100	(0.95)
Net cash (utilised in) financing activities	(90,39)	(20.95)
Not (decrease)/ increase in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	(0.62)	7.38
Cash and cash equivalents as at the beginning of the year (Refer note no. 10)	10.44	3.06
Cash and cash equivalents as at the end of the year (Nefer note to. 10)	9.82	10.44

Notes

- 1. The cash flow statement has been prepared under the indirect method as set out in Indian Accounting Standard 7 "Statement of Cash Flows".
- 2 Cash and cash equivalents as at the balance sheet date consists of

(Amount in Rs. Lakha)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Balances with banks in current accounts	9.81	10.44
Cash on band	0.01	
Total	9.82	10.44

3 Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities

(Amount in Rs. Lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	Cash flows	Non-cash flows	As at March 31, 2023
Inter corporate deposit from Holding company (Refer siste so. 13)	521.89	{90,89}		431.00
Total	521.89	(90.89)	-	431.00

(Amount in Rs. Lakhs)

Particulars	An at March 31, 2021	Cash flows	Non-cash flows	As at March 31, 2022
Inter corporate deposit from Holding company (Refer note no. 15)	543.89	(20.00)		521.89
Total	541.89	(20,00)	-	521.89

Accompanying notes to financial statements

These notes form an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report on even date attached

For A 1, P.S.& CO.

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 313132E

A.K.Khetawat

Partner

Membership No.: 052751

Place Kolkata Dwie: May 17, 2023



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

S.S.Jain Director

DIN: 00013732

Director.

1 Corporate Information

Alfred Herbert Limited (the "Company") is a company incorporated in India having the registered office at 13/3, Strand Road, Kolkata 700 001, engaged in manufacturing and selling industrial machines.

2 Statement of Compliance with Ind A5 and Recent Accounting Pronouncements

2.1 These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") prescribed under Section 13 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act") read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended from time).

Ind ASs issued and notified by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules. 2015 (a amended) till the financial statements approved for issue by the Board of Directors have been considered in preparing these financial statements.

Accounting policies have been consistently applied except where a newly issued Indian Accounting Standard is initially adopted or revision to an existing Indian Accounting Standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use.

2.2 Application of new and revised standards

Effective April 01, 2022, the Company has adopted the amendments vide Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules 2022 notifying amendment to existing Indian Accounting Standards. These amendments to the extent relevant to the Company' operations were relating to Ind AS 16 "Property, Plant and Equipment" which clarifies that excess of net sale proceeds of items produces over the cost of testing, if any, shall not be recognised in profit or loss but deducted from the directly attributable costs considered as par of cost of an item of Property, plant and equipment and Ind AS 37 "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets" which specifies that the 'cost of fulfilling' a contract comprises the 'costs that relate directly to the contract'. Costs that relate directly to a contract can either be incremental costs of fulfilling that contract (examples would be direct labour, materials) or an allocation of other costs that relate directly to fulfilling contracts (an example would be the allocation of the depreciation charge for an item of property, plant and equipment used in fulfilling the contract).

There were other amendments in various Indian Accounting Standards including Ind AS 101 "First-time Adoption of Indian Accounting Standards", Ind AS 103 "Business Combinations", Ind AS 109 "Financial Instruments", and Ind AS 41 "Agriculture" which have not been listed herein above since these are either not material or relevant to the Company.

Revision in these standards did not have any material impact on the profit/loss and earnings per share for the year.

2.3 Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Standards issued but not yet effective

On March 31, 2023, Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) has made certain amendments to existing Indian Accounting Standards vide Companies (Indian Accounting Standards). Amendment Rules, 2023. These amendments to the extent relevant to the Company's operations include amendment to Ind AS 1 "Presentation of Financial Statements" which requires the entities to disclose their material accounting policies rather than their significant accounting policies, Ind AS 8 "Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors" which has introduced, a definition of 'accounting estimates' and include amendments to help entities distinguish charges in accounting policies from changes in accounting estimates. Further, consequential amendments with respect to the concept of material accounting policies have also been made in Ind AS 107 "Financial Instruments: Disclosures" and Ind AS 3 "Interim Financial Reporting".

There are other amendments in various standards including Ind AS 101 "First-time Adoption of Indian Accounting Standards", Ind AS 103 "Business Combinations, Ind AS 109 "Financial Instruments" Ind AS 115 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers", Ind AS 12 "Income Taxes" which has narrowed the scope of the initial recognition exemption so that it does not apply to transactions that give rise to equal and offsetting temporary differences and Ind AS 102 "Share-based Payment" which have not been listed herein above since these are either not material or relevant to the Company.

Even though the Company will evaluate the impact of above, these amendments as such are not vital in nature and are not likely to have material impact on the financial statements of the Company.

3 Significant Accounting Policies

3.1 Basis of Preparation

The Financial Statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention on accrual basis excepting certain financial instruments which are measured in terms of relevant Ind AS at fair value/ amortized costs at the end of each reporting period.

Historical cost convention is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

As the operating cycle cannot be identified in normal course, the same has been assumed to have duration of 12 months, All Assets and Liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the operating cycle and other criteria set out in Ind A5 I 'Presentation of Financial Statements' and Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013.

The Financial Statements are presented in Indian Rupees and all values are rounded off to the nearest two decimals of Lakhs.



Fair Value Measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between mark participants at the measurement date under current market conditions.

The Company categorizes assets and liabilities measured at fair value into one of three levels depending on the ability to observe impropelyed for such measurement:

Level 1: Inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable either directly or indirectly for the asset or liability.

Level 3: Inputs for the asset or liability which are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The company has an established control framework with respect to the measurement of fair values. This includes a finance beam that h overall responsibility for overseeing all significant fair value measurements who regularly review significant unobservable input valuation adjustments and fair value hierarchy under which the valuation should be classified.

3.2 Property Plant and Equipment (PPE)

Property, Plant and Equipment are stated at cost of acquisition, construction and subsequent improvements thereto less accumulate depreciation and impairment losses, if any. For this purpose cost include deemed cost on the date of transition and comprises purcha price of assets or its construction cost including duties and taxes, inward freight and other expenses incidental to acquisition or installation and adjustment for exchange differences wherever applicable and any cost directly attributable to bring the asset into the location are condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended for its use.

Parts of an item of PPE having different useful lives and material value and subsequent expenditure on Property, Plant and Equipment arising on account of capital improvement or other factors are accounted for as separate components.

The cost of replacing part of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the carrying amount of the item if it is probable the future economic benefits embodied within the part will flow to the Company and its cost can be measured reliably. The costs of the day-to-day servicing of property, plant and equipment are recognised in the income statement when incurred.

Depreciation

Depreciation on PPE is provided as per Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013 on straight line method, Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment commences when the assets are ready for their intended use.

Depreciation methods, useful lives, residual values are reviewed and adjusted as appropriate, at each reporting date.

3.3 Intangible Assets

Intangible assets are stated at cost comprising of purchase price inclusive of duties and taxes less accumulated amount of amortization an impairment losses. Such assets, are amortised over a period of five years and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication of the same.

Amortisation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed, and adjusted as appropriate, at each reporting date.

3.4 Derecognition of Tangible and Intangible Assets

An item of Tangible and Intangible Asset is de-recognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from its use or disposal. Gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of Tangible and Intangible Asset is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.



3.5 Impairment of Tangible an Intangible Assets

Tangible and Intangible assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date for impairment. In case events and circumstances indicate as impairment, recoverable amount of assets is determined. An impairment loss is recognized in the statement of profit and loss, whenever the carrying amount of assets either belonging to Cash Generating Unit (CGU) or otherwise exceeds recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of asset's fair value less cost of disposal and its value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flow from the use of the assets are discounted to their present value at appropriate rate.

Impairment losses recognized earlier may no longer exist or may have come down. Based on such assessment at each reporting period ti impairment loss is reversed and recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss. In such cases the carrying amount of the asset is increase to the lower of its recoverable amount and the carrying amount that have been determined, not of depreciation, had no impairment lo been recognized for the asset in prior years.

3.6 Inventories

Inventories are valued at lower of cost or net realisable value. Cost of the inventories is generally ascertained on weighted average has Materials and other supplies held for use in the production of inventories are not written down below cost if the finished product in white they will be incorporated are expected to be sold at or above cost. Cost for the purpose of valuation of work-in-progress and stock-in-tracincludes materials, labour and appropriate portion of production overheads.

3.7 Foreign Currency Transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are accounted for at the exchange rate prevailing on the date of the transaction. Foreign currency asse and liabilities are translated at exchange rates prevailing at the year end. The loss or gain thereon and also on the exchange differences a settlement of the foreign currency transaction during the year are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss, except in the cases when any fixed asset acquired from a country outside India, in such case, these are adjusted to the cost of respective fixed assets.

3.8 Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities (financial instruments) are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractus provisions of the instruments.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial Liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognise immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss. However, trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component at measured at transaction price.

The financial assets and financial liabilities are classified as current if they are expected to be realised or settled within operating cycle (the company or otherwise these are classified as non-current.

The classification of financial instruments whether to be measured at Amortized Cost, at Fair Value through Profit or Loss (FVTPL) or a Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI) depends on the objective and contractual terms to which they relate Classification of financial instruments are determined on initial recognition.

(i) Cash and cash equivalents

All highly liquid financial instruments, which are readily convertible into determinable amounts of cash and which are subject to a insignificant risk of change in value and are having original maturities of three months or less from the date of purchase, are considered a cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents includes balances with banks which are unrestricted for withdrawal and usage.

(ii) Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities measured at amortised cost

Financial Assets held within a business whose objective is to hold these assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding are measured at amortized cost.

The above Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities subsequent to initial recognition are measured at amortized cost using Effectiv Interest Rate (EIR) method.

The effective interest rate is the rate that discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts (including all fees and points paid or received, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the Financial Asset or Financial Liability to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset or to the amortised cost of financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the ne carrying amount on initial recognition.



(iii) Financial Asset at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI)

Financial assets are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if these financial assets are held within a business who objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding Subsequent to initial recognition, they are measured at fair value and changes therein are recognised directly in other comprehensive.

(iv) For the purpose of para (ii) and (iii) above, principal is the fair value of the financial asset at initial recognition and interest consists consideration for the time value of money and associated credit risk.

(v) Financial Assets or Liabilities at Fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

Financial Instruments which does not meet the criteria of amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income, as applicable in each case, are classified as Fair Value through Profit and loss. These are recognised at fair value and changes therein are recognized the Statement of Profit and Loss.

(vi) Impairment of financial assets

A financial asset is assessed for impairment at each balance sheet date. A financial asset is considered to be impaired if objective evidence indicates that one or more events have had a negative effect on the estimated future cash flows of that asset.

The company measures the loss allowance for a financial asset at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk of that financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition. If the credit risk on a financial instrument has not increase significantly since initial recognition, the company measures the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to 12 month expected credit losses.

However, for trade receivables or contract assets that result in relation to revenue from contracts with customers, the company measure the loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses.

(vii) Derecognition of financial instruments

The Company derecognizes a financial asset or a group of financial assets when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another party.

On derecognition of a financial asset (except for equity instruments designated as FVTOCI), the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable are recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss.

On derecognition of assets measured at FVTOCI (except for equity instruments designated as FVTOCI) the cumulative gain or los previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss as a reclassification adjustment.

Financial liabilities are derecognized if the Company's obligations specified in the contract expire or are discharged or cancelled. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognized and the consideration paid and payable is recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss.

3.9 Equity Share Capital

An equity instrument is a contract that evidences residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities. Pa value of the equity shares is recorded as share capital and the amount received in excess of par value is classified as Securities Premium.

Costs directly attributable to the issue of ordinary shares are recognised as a deduction from equity, net of any tax effects.



3.10 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

Provisions involving substantial degree of estimation in measurement are recognized when there is a legal or constructive obligation as result of past events and it is probable that there will be an outflow of resources and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount obligation. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses. The amount recognized as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation.

Contingent liabilities are not recognized and are disclosed by way of notes to the financial statements when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertainture events not wholly within the control of the Company or when there is a present obligation that arises from past events where it either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the same or a reliable estimate of the amount in this respectant to be made.

Contingent assets are not recognised but disclosed in the Financial Statements by way of notes to accounts when an inflow of aconom benefits is probable.

3.11 Employee Benefits

Employee benefits are accrued in the year in which services are rendered by the employees. Short term employee benefits are recognize as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss for the year in which the related service is rendered.

- (i) Gratuity (Defined Benefit Plan): The liability in respect of Gratuity has been determined by actuarial valuation.
- (ii) Leave Encashment: The liability in respect of Leave Encashment is accounted for on the basis of actuarial valuation.
- iii) Provident Fund (Defined Contribution Scheme): Accounted for on accrual basis based on the monthly contribution made to the appropriate authorities.

3.12 Revenue Recognition

Revenue from operations

Revenue is measured based on the considerations specified in a contract with a customer and excludes amounts collected on behalf of thir parties. The revenue from sales is recognised when control over a product or service has been transferred and/ or products/ services at delivered/ provided to the customers. The delivery occurs when the product has been shipped or delivered to the specific location as the case may be and the customer has either accepted the products in accordance with contract or the Company has sufficient evidence that a the criteria for acceptance has been satisfied. Returns, discounts and rebates collected, if any, are deducted from sales.

Other Income

Interest has been accounted using effective interest rate method. Dividend is accounted for as and when the right to receive the same i established.

3.13 Borrowing Costs

Borrowing cost comprises of interest paid and other costs in connection with the borrowing of the funds. All borrowing costs are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss using the effective interest method except to the extent attributable to qualifying Property Plant and Equipment which are capitalised to the cost of related assets. A qualifying PPE is an asset, that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale.

3.14 Taxes on Income

Income tax expense representing the sum of current tax expenses and the net charge of the deferred taxes is recognized in the incomstatement except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in equity or other comprehensive income.

Current tax is provided on the taxable income and recognized at the amount expected to be paid to or recovered from the tax authorities using the tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.



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Notes to financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2023

Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the Financial Statements at the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxab temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probab that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilized.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled the asset realized, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no long probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilized.

3.15 Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share are computed by dividing the net profit attributable to the equity shareholders of the company by the weights average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the net professionable to the equity shareholders of the company by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basearnings per share and also the weighted average number of equity shares that could have been issued upon conversion of all dilute potential equity shares.

4 Critical accounting judgments, assumptions and key sources of estimation and uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with the measurement principle of Ind AS requires management to mai estimates, judgments and assumptions. These estimates, judgments and assumptions affect the application of accounting policies and it reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements are reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Accounting estimates could change from period to period. Actual result could differ from those estimates. Appropriate changes in estimates are made as management becomes aware of changes in circumstance surrounding the estimates. Differences between the actual results and estimates are recognized in the year in which the results are know / materialized and, if material, their effects are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

Application of accounting policies that require significant areas of estimation, uncertainty and critical judgments and the use assumptions in the financial statements have been disclosed below. The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources estimation uncertainty at the balance sheet date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amount assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below:

4.1 Depreciation and impairment on property, plant and equipment.

Property, Plant and Equipment are depreciated on straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives in accordance with Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013, taking into account the estimated residual value, wherever applicable.

The company reviews its carrying value of its Tangible Assets whenever there is objective evidence that the assets are impaired. In suc situation Asset's recoverable amount is estimated which is higher of asset's or cash generating units (CGU) fair value less cost of dispos and its value in use. In assessing value in use the estimated future cash flows are discounted using pre-tax discount rate which reflect the current assessment of time value of money. In determining fair value less cost of disposal, recent market realisations are considered otherwise in absence of such transactions appropriate valuations are adopted. The Company reviews the estimated useful lives of the assets regularly in order to determine the amount of depreciation and amount of impairment expense to be recorded during any reporting period. This reassessment may result in change estimated in future periods.

4.2 Current Tax and Deferred Tax

Significant Judgment is required in determination of taxability of certain income and deductibility of certain expenses during the estimation of the provision for income taxes.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for unused losses (carry forward of prior years' losses) and unused tax credit to the extent that it probable that taxable profit would be available against which the losses could be utilised. Significant management judgment is required determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxable profit together with future tax planning strategies.



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Notes to financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2023

4,3 Provisions and Contingencies

Provisions and liabilities are recognized in the period when it becomes probable that there will be a future outflow of funds resulting from past operations or events and the amount of cash outflow can be reliably estimated. The timing of recognition and quantification of tiability requires the application of judgement to existing facts and circumstances, which can be subject to change.

Management judgment is required for estimating the possible outflow of resources, if any, in respect of contingencies/claim/litigation against the Company as it is not possible to predict the outcome of pending matters with accuracy.

The carrying amounts of provisions and liabilities and estimation for contingencies are reviewed regularly and revised to take account changing facts and circumstances.



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Notes to financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2023

5 Property, plant and equipment

As at March 31, 2023

(Amount in Rs. Lakhs)

Particulars	Plant and equipment	Furniture and fixtures	Office equipment	Computers	Total
Gross block -					
As at March 31, 2022	3.61	0.94	0.57	0.62	5.74
Additions	-		-	-	-
Disposal/ adjustments	3.45				3.45
As at March 31, 2023	0.16	0.94	0.57	0.62	2.29
Accumulated depreciation					
As at March 31, 2022	1.29	0.81	0.33	0.53	2.96
Charge during the year	0.01	0.03	-	100	0.04
Disposal/ adjustments	1.23				1.23
As at March 31, 2023	0.07	0.84	0.33	0.53	1.77
Net block as at March 31, 2023	0.09	0.10	0.24	0.09	0.52

As at March 31, 2022

(Amount in Rs. Lakhs)

Particulars	Plant and equipment	Furniture and fixtures	Office equipment	Computers	Total
Gross block					
As at March 31, 2021	9,85	0.94	0.57	0.62	11.98
Additions	-	2	7-1		-
Disposal/ adjustments	6.24	23		-	6.24
As at March 31, 2022	3.61	0.94	0.57	0.62	5.74
Accumulated depreciation			7		
As at March 31, 2021	3.33	0.69	0.33	0.53	4.88
Charge during the year	0.48	0.12			0.60
Disposal/ adjustments	2.52	200000	25	99	2.52
As at March 31, 2022	1.29	0.81	0.33	0.53	2.96
Net block as at March 31, 2022	2.32	0.14	0.24	0.09	2.78

5.1 During earlier years, the Company had disposed significant portion of property, plant and equipment ("PPE"). Certain PPE which were non usable and lying unutilised have been sold. This includes certain fully depreciated and junked machineries which were dismantled, inventorised and disposed off. The Company is in the process of updating fixed assets register.



6 Other financial assets-non-current

Particulars		(Amount in Rs. Lak
A) amortised cost	Befer note no. As at March 31, 2023	
Security deposits	0.85	
Total	0.55	

7 Current tox assets (not)

			(Amount in Rs. Land
Particulars	Refer natu	nn. An at March 31, 2023	As at March Nr. 20
Advance income law, including law deducted at source			.0
Tital			0.

8 Immeritaries (Value) at lower of cost or not realisable outliet)

Portionities			(Amount in Ilu-Lak
7 (F. 1) (F. 1) (F. 1)	Refer note no. As at March:	31, 2023	As at March St. 2
Raw sustantials		2.02	7
Lans: Provision for obsolete inventories			200
CN-58-71-1875-13		2.02	- 37
Work-in-progress		4.50	19
Lorse tools			- 3
Yotal		6.82	- 21

6.1 During the current year and previous year, an extensive sourcise have been undertaken for physical verification of inventories and discrepancies accordance in this respect have been given effect to in the Resocial statements.

9 Trade recensibles

	The second secon		(Amount in its, Last)
Particulars	Kefer nou no.	Av at March 31, 2023	As at Moreth 31, 20
Unsecured, consulered good Unsecured, confit impaired			THE RESIDENCE OF THE PARTY OF T
Less Allowance for impaired receivables		0.32	.0
	9,1		13
Total		0.12	70

9.1 Ageing analysis of trade receivables is as follows:

Ar at March 20, 2022

District Control				V 12.5	A	(Amount to Rs. Sakh
Farticulare	Less Todo's months	6 months - 1 year	1 - 2 years	2 - 3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Undisputed, considered good	4-1	0.00	0.03	-	700000000000000000000000000000000000000	B
Undisputed, credit impaired			1177		1	
Trade receivables (gross)		0.09	-6.09			- 1
Laure Allerwance for impaired recovables		11.00				
Trade secrivables (net)						
Lines harden bed						- 1

As at March 31, 2022

The same of the sa	AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PARTY OF	Commence of the Commence of th			444411474	(Amount in Re. Labb
Particulars	Less then a months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-Syean	Mure than 3 years	Total
Undisputed, considered good	771111111111111111111111111111111111111	0.03	-	-	- Control of the San	7
Underputed, could impaired	-	1 22				
Trasle receivables (gross)		0.03				- 0
Linux Allowance for impaired moreables		-				-
Trade receivables (net)						-
Transfer of the Control of the Contr						- 1

9.2 Mirrement in Allowance for impaired receivables

		(Amount in Xv. Lakh)
Particulare	For the year ended March 31, 2023	For the year ended March 31, 2022
Balance as at the beginning of the year		20.1
Secognised during the year		725
Written back/adjusted during the year		(21.3
Balance as at the end of the year		191.0
The state of the s		

10 Cash and cash equivalents

In average		(Ame				
Particulari	Refer note no.	As-at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 202			
Balances scitti banka		1	The second second second			
Dr guerrett accounts		9.00	100			
Cash on hand Odarch 31, 2025-8a. 557; March 31, 2022-8a. 1803		8.00	100-			
Intal		1990				
		9,62	10.4			

11 Other current assets

			(Amount in Ro. Lakle
Panicolars		and the second second second second second	Entropy and the second second
	Refer note no.	As at March \$1, 2023	As at March 3L 202
Advance to suppliers	1000	1.11	2/
Loss: Allowers: for bud and doubtful advances	11.1		
V-2455-010V-2	72549	1.11	24
Interest receivable on incorne has refund		1.6	0.0
Halances with government authorities		9.35	8.8
Tool		10.46	11.5

11.3 Movement in allowance for bad and doubtful advances

		CONTRACTOR OF STREET
Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2022
7300		

ALPRED HEIRERT LIMITED CIN USERSWEINFELORGEI

Note

AE3	the treatical statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2003		
	Palance as at the beginning of the year	1001	
	Bacogrand during the year	51	
	Written back/ adjaced dering the year		
	Balance as at the end of the year		



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Notes to financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2023

Equity share capital

(Amount in Rs. Lakhe

Particulars	Refer note no.	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Authorised	100743 30010 2005	THE SECTION ASSESSMENT	ACCUS CHARLES SE, SUSA
Equity shares 9,09,000 (March 31, 2022- 9,09,000) equity shares of Rs. 10 each		90.90	90.9
8% redeemable preference shares 100 (March 31, 2022- 100) preference shares of Rs. 100 each		0.10	0.10
Total		91.00	91.0
Issued, subscribed and paid-up Equity shares 9,00,007 (March 31, 2022- 9,00,007) equity shares of Rs. 10 each		90.00	
Total		90.00	90.0

12.1 Reconciliation of shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period:

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2023	For the year ended March 31, 2022
Number of shares as at the beginning of the year Movement during the year	9,00,007	9,00,007
Number of shares as at the end of the year	9,00,007	9,00,007

12.2 Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to each class of equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs. 10 per share. Each holder of equity is entitled to one vote per share. Th Company may declare and pay dividends. The dividend, if any proposed by the Board of Directors of the Company is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts in proportion to the number of equity shares held by equity shareholders.

12.3 9,00,000 (March 31, 2022-9,00,000) equity shares of the Company are held by its Holding company "Alfred Herbert (India) Limited".

12.4 The details of shareholders holding more than 5% of the aggregate shares in the company

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Alfred Herbert (India) Limited		
Number of shares held	9,00,000	9,00,000
Percentage of shareholding	100.00%	100.00

12.5 Details of shareholding of promoters

As at March 31, 2023

Name of the promoter	No. of shares	% of total shares	% change during the year
Alfred Herbert (India) Limited	9,00,000	100.00%	
As at March 31, 2022			
Name of the promoter	No. of shares	% of total shares	% change during the year
Alfred Herbert (India) Limited	9,00,000	100.00%	

13 Other equity

(Amount in Rs. Lakhs)

Particulars	Refer note no.	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Capital redemption reserve	13.2	0.01	0.01
General reserve	13.3	32.89	32.89
Retained earnings	13.4	(538.94)	(680.54)
Total		(506,04)	(647,64)

13.1 Refer Statement of Changes in Equity for movement in balances of reserves.

13.2 Capital redemption reserve

This reserve has been created on redemption of preference shares.

The general reserve is created from time to time by appropriating profits from retained earnings. The general reserve is created by a transfer from one component of equity to another. Accordingly, it is not reclassified to the statement of profit and loss.

13.4 Retained earnings

Retained earnings generally represent the undistributed profits/ accumulated earnings of the Company and includes remeasurement gains/

(losses) on defined benefit plan.

14 Deferred tax liabilities (not)

The state of the s			Amount at sectioning
Darling	Refer note mu.	An at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Particulare		0.13	1,29
Deferred to Natilities	14.1	14	
Deferred tax are to		0.11	0.28
Defend tax Exhibites (0.0)		4.0	

14.7 Components of deferred too Babilitary (asserted are as follows:

As at March 31, 2021

(Amount in Rs. Lakho)

Seticulari	As at March 31, 2022	Charge/(cordit) rerogatived in profit or loss	Charges' (credit) recognised in OCI	As at March 31, 2023
as effect of lines constituting deferred and liabilities		- 777		0.77
among difference with respect to property, plant and requirement	9.28	(0.15)		0.13
total deferred tos tiabilities	0.26	(0.15)		0.13
Deferred has assets				
etal delerrod tay assets		1		417
Neferred tax liabilities (net)	0.28	(0.15)	+ -	9,13

As at March 31, 2923

(Amount in Bs. Lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	Charge' (cordit) recognised in profit or loss	Change/ (credit) recognised in OCI	As at March 31, 2022
Tax offeet of those constituting deferred tax Habilities				
Timing difference with impact to properly, plent and equipment	(0.71)	0.99	-	0.20
Total deferred in liabilities	(0.71)	0.99		8.28
Deferred tax assets				
Total deferred tex exerts				0.28
Defenved tax liabilities/ (assets)	(0.71)	0.99	+	0.25

15 Becowings-current

(Asserted in No. Labbe)

Particulari	Hefer sinte no.	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
At amostised cost			
Sinesurd		451.00	111.09
Soler corporate deposit from Holding company		421.00	321.WF
Total		901.00	

- (8.) Interest on above loan, hence no longer payable in some of support provided by the Hakting Conguery, has not been recognised.
- 15.2 The Company has defaulted in repayment of unaccound loss from Halding Company; datain of which are as follows:

(Amount in Es. Lakho)

	Feerod of default as at the balance shows date	Animat of defends
Nature of Jouri	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	411.00
Unsergred Iran from Holding Company	Stan 9 20 th March 2021	
La		

36 Trade payables

(Amount in its Lakto)

Particulars	Refer note no.	As at March 31, 2021	At at March 31, 1972
A) amortised cost			
fotal nutrianding duos of escretorprises and small efferiess. Lotal nutrianding dues of credium other than more entrypties and small enterprises.	2.	100	
		3.33	116
Total		3.1)	

- 10.1 There are no also to many enterprises and small enterprises based on the confernation and information available with the Company regarding the status of suppliers.
- 19.2 Agoing southers of traits payables in an follows.

As at March Tt, 2023

(Amount in No. Laking)

					E tonories the tree to the
Particulars	Lee than 1 year	1-2 years	2+3 years	Moorthan Lycers	Tetal
Undisputed, more emergency and small enterprises	20			5	5.11
Dedispated others	3.0		-		3.13
Tidal	3.11				

As at March 31, 2022

					I/VERTIREIT IN NO. I THEREIG
Particulars	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2 - 1 years	More than 3 years	Total
Undisputed, much enterprises and small enterprises	1.85	0.21	0.79		5-85
Underpoted, others	4.53	0.21	0.79		3.85

17 Other financial liabilities control

(Amount in Rs. Labbe)

Particulars	Refer note no.	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
At unorthed cost Others		2,19	
Titlal		1.19	

18 Other current Eabilities

(Amount in flu, Lakhu

Particulars		Refer note no.	As at Maeth 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2002
The state of the s			±.40	15.67
Advance received from customers			7.00	1.29
Statutory dues (includes TES, GST, vtk.)			8.20	100 W
Total	4		8,20	9900
	A			

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Notes to financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2023

19 Revenue from operations

(Amount in Rs. Lakhs)

Particulars Sale of products	Refer note no.	For the year ended March 31, 2023	For the year ended March 31, 2022
Sale of services		29.25	204.20
Other operating revenue (sale of scrap)		0.95	1.18
Total -		90.91	20.96
11/441		121.11	226.34

20 Other income

(Amount in Rs. Lakhs)

Particulars	Refer note no.	For the year ended March 31, 2023	For the year ended March 31, 2022
Profit on sale of property, plant and equipment (net) Liabilities/ provisions no longer required written back		4,77 67,68	98.44 18.66
Interest income on income tax refund. Miscellaneous income		1.71	0.47
Fotal		74.16	6.84 124.41

21 Cost of materials consumed

(Amount in Rs. Lakhs)

(framount or we restrat
Particulars	Refer note no.	For the year ended March 31, 2023	For the year ended March 31, 2022
Cost of materials consumed		13.33	144.36
Total		13.33	144.36

22 Changes in inventories of work-in-progress

(Amount in Rs. Lakhs)

			remount in his causis)
Particulars	Refer note no.	For the year ended March 31, 2023	For the year ended March 31, 2022
Opening inventories			
Work-in-progress		11.62	26.42
Closing inventories		11.62	26.42
Work-in-progress		4.80	11.62
		4.80	11.62
Decrease in inventories of work-in-progress		6.82	14.80

22.1 During previous year, changes in inventories includes inventories adjusted due to difference arising on physical verification and recognition of inventories lying at the close of the year.

23 Employee benefits expense

(Amount in Rs. Lakhs)

Particulars	Refer note no.	For the year ended March 31, 2023	For the year ended March 31, 2022
Salaries and wages Contribution to provident and other funds			2.72
Staff welfare expense			2.74
Total .		+	5.47

24 Finance costs

(Amount in Rs. Lakhs)

Particulars	Refer note no.	For the year ended March 31, 2023	For the year ended March 31, 2022
Interest expense Others		174410110111111111111111111111111111111	
Fotal		. 4	0.95
Nº AC		*	0.95

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Notes to financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2023

25 Depreciation and amortisation expense

A		Tax 1	7	V = I
αm_0	taue	1111.1	55.	Lau

	Van		(Amount in Rs. Lakhs)
Particulars	Refer note no.	For the year ended March 31, 2023	For the year ended March 31, 2022
Depreciation on property, plant and equipment	5	0.04	0.60
Total		0.04	0.60

Other expenses

(Amount in Rs. Lakhs)

			(Amount t	n res. Lasens)
Particulars	Refer note no.	For the year ended March 31, 2023		year ended 31, 2022
Consumable stores		2.07		3.57
Power and fuel		(4)		8.64
Repairs-buildings			11	0.26
Repairs- plant and equipment		0.00		0.26
Repairs- others		0.57		0.06
Rates and taxes		0.37		1.28
Postage, telephone & courier		0.33		0.23
Travelling & conveyance expenses		0.63		
Consultancy charges		21.60		25.65
Auditors' remuneration	26.1 & 26.2	0.40		1.00
Security services	1 1000000000000000000000000000000000000			13.56
Printing and statlonery		0.03		0.03
Freight outward		0.06		1.03
Commission		-		2.12
Contractual labour charges		19		14.35
Compensation paid to ex-employees		2.62		5772
Provision for obsolete inventories				19.35
Balances written off (net)		0.50		8.92
Miscellaneous expenses		4.36		4.16
Fotal		33.54		104.47
		5.00111		

26.1 Auditors' remuneration includes payment to auditor

(Amount in Rs. Lakhs)

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2023	For the year ended March 31, 2022
Statutory audit Certification and other matters	0.20	-
Total	0.20	-

26.2 Auditors' renuneration includes payment to erstwhile auditor

		(Amount in Rs. Lakhs)
Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2023	For the year ended March 31, 2022
Statutory audit		0.50
Certification and other matters	0.20	0.50
Total	0.20	1.00



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Notes to financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2023

27 Contingent liabilities and commitments (to the extent not provided for)

(a) Contingent liabilities

(Amount in Rs. Lakhs)

	farmerecent use were greened
As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
29.77	29,77
	50,500

The amounts shown above represent the best possible estimates arrived at on the basis of available information. The uncertainties and timing of cash flows are dependent on the outcome of different legal processes which have been invoked by the Company or the claimants, as the case may be, and therefore, cannot be estimated accurately. The Company does not expect any reimbursement in respect of above contingent liabilities. In the opinion of the management, no provision is considered necessary for the disputes mentioned above on the

(b) Commitments

- Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for-Nil (March. 31, 2022-Nil)
- (ii) The Company does not have any other commitment outstanding as at the balance sheet date.

ground that there are fair chances of successful outcome of the appeals/litigations.

28 Disclosures as required by Indian Accounting Standard 37 "Provisions, Contingent liabilities and Contingent assets"

Contingent asset

A contingent asset is a possible asset that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the entity. During the normal course of business, unresolved claims remain outstanding. The inflow of economic benefits, in respect of such claims cannot be measured due to uncertainties that surround the related events and circumstances.

29 Related party disclosures

Information under Ind AS 24 "Related party disclosures" are as follows:

- (I) Name of the related parties and description of relationship
- (a) Holding company

Alfred Herbert (India) Limited

(b) Key management personnel ("KMP")

- 1. Mr. S.S.Jain- Director
- 2. Mr. V.Matta-Director
- 3. Ms. Shobhana Sethi-Director

(II) Transactions with related parties

(Amount in Rs. Lakhs)

Sl. no.	Nature of transaction/ Name of related party	Holding company
(i)	Borrowings Inter corporate deposit repaid during the year	90.89 (20.00)
(ii)	Balances outstanding Borrowings	433,00 (521,89)
	Payable to Holding company	

Footnote:

Figures in brackets pertain to previous year.



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Notes to financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2023

(III) Other notes:

- i) The transactions with related parties have been entered at an amount which are not materially different from those on normal commercial terms.
- ii) The amounts outstanding are unsecured and will be settled in cash. No provision for bad or doubtful debts has been recognised in current year and previous year in respect of the amounts owed by related parties.

30 Earnings per share

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2023	For the year ended March 31, 2022
(a) Amount used as numerator- Profit after tax as per statement of profit and loss (Amount in Rs. Lakhs)	141.60	74.17
(b) Weighted average number of equity shares used as the denominator for computing basic and diluted earnings per share (*)	9,00,007	9,00,007
(c) Face value of equity shares (Rs.)	10	10
(d) Basic and Diluted earnings per share (Rs.)	15.73	8.24

^(*) The Company does not have any dilutive potential equity shares

31 Segment reporting

(a) The Company operates mainly in one business segment i.e., manufacturing and selling industrial machineries and all other activities revolve around the main activity and as such, there is no other reportable segment as identified by the Chief Operating Decision Maker of the Company in terms of Ind AS 108 "Operating Segments".

(b) Geographical information

The Company operates entirely within India and as such, separate geographical information has not been disclosed.



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Notes to financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2023

32 Financial instruments- Accounting, Classification and Fair value measurements

(A) The accounting classification of each category of financial instrument, their carrying amount and fair value are as follows:

(Amount in Rs. Lakhs)

Particulars	As at March	1 31, 2023	As at March	n 31, 2022
	Carrying amount	Fair value	Carrying amount	Fair value
Financial assets (current and non-current)				
Financial assets measured at amortised cost				
Trade receivables	0.12	0.12	0.03	0.03
Cash and cash equivalents	9.82	9.82	10.44	10.44
Other financial assets	0.85	0.85	6.78	6.78
Total financial assets	10.79	10.79	17.25	17.25
Financial Liabilities (current and non-current)	7007	40,22	17:43	C37560
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost				
Borrowings	431.00	431.00	521.89	521.89
Trade payables	3.11	3.11	201000	
Other financial liabilities	2.19	10.333771	5.85	5.85
Total financial liabilities		2.19	-	
Section to the control of the contro	436.30	436,30	527,74	527.74

(B) Fair valuation techniques

The fair value of the firstnessal assets and financial liabilities are included at an amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:

Fair value of cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, trade payables and other current financial liabilities approximate their carrying amounts due to the short-term maturities of these instruments.

33 Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Company's principal financial liabilities includes trade payables and other financial liabilities and principal financial assets include trade receivables, cash and cash equivalents and other financial assets.

The Company is exposed to credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk. The Company's senior management under the supervision of Board of Directors oversees the management of these risks. The Company's financial risks are governed by appropriate policies and procedures and that financial risks are identified, measured and managed in accordance with the Company's policies and risk objectives.

(a) Market risk

Market risk is the risk or uncertainty arising from possible market fluctuations resulting in variation in the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument. The major components of market risks are currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk. Financial instruments affected by market risk includes trade receivables and trade payables.

(i) Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of an exposure will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company does not have material exposure to the risk of changes in foreign exchange rates.

(ii) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Since the Company does not have any financial assets or financial liabilities bearing floating interest rates, any change in the interest rates at the reporting date would not have any significant impact on the financial statements of the Company.

(iii) Other price risk

The price risk of the financial instrument to which the company is exposed is not expected to be material.

(b) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a customer or counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The Company is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities (primarily trade receivables). The management has a credit policy in place and the exposure to credit risk is monitored on an ongoing basis. The Company periodically assesses the financial reliability of amounts outstanding, taking into account the financial condition, current economic trends and ageing of amounts receivable.

The carrying amount of respective financial assets recognised in the financial statements, net of impairment losses, if any, represent the Company's maximum exposure to credit risk.

The Company establishes an allowance for impairment that represents its estimate of incurred losses in respect of trade and other receivables. Receivables are reviewed/ evaluated periodically by the management and appropriate provisions are made to the extent recovery thereagainst has been considered to be remote.

The credit risk on cash and cash equivalents are insignificant as counterparties are banks with high credit ratings.

(c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that the Company will not be able to settle or meet its obligations on time or at a reasonable price. The Company's objective is to maintain optimum level of liquidity to meet it's cash and collateral requirements at all times. The Company relies on internal accruals and funding from Holding company to meet its fund requirement.

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Notes to financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2023

Liquidity risk tables

The following tables detail the Company's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities with agreed repayment periods. The tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Company can be required to pay. The tables include both interest and principal cash flows as at balance sheet date:

Maturity analysis of unamortised financial liabilities

(Amount in Rs. Lakhs)

		Contractual cash	Maturity an	alysis of contractua	al cash flows
Particulars -	Carrying value	flows	Less than 1 year	Between 1 to 5 years	More than 5 years
As at March 31, 2023 (i) Borrowings (ii) Trade payables	431.00 3.11	431.00 3.11	431.00 3.11		4
Total	434.11	434.11	434.11	-	-

(Amount in Rs. Lakhs)

2333 10		Contractual cash	Maturity an	alysis of contractua	al cash flows
Particulars	Carrying value	flows	Less than 1 year	Between 1 to 5 years	More than 5 years
As at March 31, 2022				- Coloran	
(i) Borrowings	521.89	521.89	521.89	10	12
(ii) Trade payables	5.85	5.85	5.85		
Total	527.74	527,74	527.74	*	

The Company has current financial assets which will be realised in ordinary course of business and the company ensures that it has sufficient cash on demand to meet expected operational expenses and obligations.

34 Capital management

The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to ensure that it maintains a healthy capital ratio in order to support its business and maximise shareholder value. The Company's objective when managing capital is to safeguard their ability to continue as a going concern so that they can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stake holders. The Company is focused on keeping strong total equity base to ensure independence, security, as well as a high financial flexibility for potential future borrowings.

The Company monitors capital using gearing ratio which is produced hereunder:

(Amount in Rs. Lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Borrowings	431.00	521.89
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	9.82	10.44
Net debt (a)	421.18	511,45
Total equity	(416.04)	(557.64)
Net debt and total equity (b)	5.14	(46,19)
Gearing ratio	81.88	(11.07)



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Notes to financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2023

- 35 The Company, souther had any transactions charing the years ended March 71, 2021 and March 31, 2022 with companies, which have been struck oil by the Registrar of Companies ror my balance is outstanding from such companies as at the end of respective reporting period.
- Ratio analysis and its elements (to the extent applicable to the Company) *

SL no.	Ratio	Numerator	Бевонцивос	2022 - 2023	2621-3622	% change with respect to previous year	Beaton for variance (where change is more than 25%)
8	(1) Curront ratio	Current assets	Currentitabilities	0.06	900	(32,005)	
ß	Debt service coverage ratio	Profit after bax + Depreciation and amortisation + Finance Finance costs costs.	e Finance costs	Not applicable	RE	Not applicable	18
8	Beturn on equity ratio	Profit after tox	Average total equity	29,00%	12.67%	133.28%	33.28% Increase in profitebility
9	Inventory turnover ratio.	Revenue front operations	Asesage litterstory	245	331	112.25%	112.25% Decrease in inverticities
6	Trade receivables furntover ratio. Revenue Imm operations.	Revenue from operations	Cleaing wade receivables	1,000.25	7,514.67	(86.42%)	(86.62%) Decrease in nevernae
8	Trade payables tumover ratio	Total purchases	Closing trade payables	TLAS.	N.W.	(390,985)	39 (865); Decrease in purchases
6	Net capital numbers ratio	Revenue from operations	Working cupital	(0.20)	(OPICI)	(20,29%)	(27.29%) Decrease in nyvorue
8	Net profit ratio	Net profit after tax	Revenue from operations	177	100 E	284351	2435% Increase in profitability
66	(9) Remain on capital employed	Profit before tax	Tanggle net worth + Deferred to Enbilities	SERVE	HSA	136.81%	Dio51% Increase in profitability

Note: There was rebetantial vacation in the volume of operations during the year ended Manch 31, 2023 as compared to the previous year. This has caused significant variation in the comparative financial ratios. The percentage charge with respect to previous year as indicated hereurabove even though arrived at arithmetically as required in terms of Schodulis III to the Companies Act, 2013, as such, are not indicated the related performances, all of the Company.

- The accumulated boses of the Company continue to be in success of its Equity and Net Worth of the Company has been exoled. The Eloiding Company had intued thanks to provide support by way of loss and Rs. 431.00 Labbin is consequed by as on 31st March, 2023. In the absence of sequired voltame of business, manufacturing operations of the Company were discontinued in earlier year. The uniters against space parts and attentives, wherever applicable and sessential and season that have been executed through third party arrangements. Flant and modifiersy, investories competing of stones, space parts, work-in-progress, have meanly been sold and very limited items remain as on Morch 31, 2023. These have been valued and carried at estimated realizable price. Barring unforesset circumstances, no further material losses in this respect are expected to arise. H
- No hands have been advanced or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in ony other person(s) or entity(les), including leneign sentities ("Intermediates") with the understands, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall lend or invest in party identified by or on behalf of the Company (Ultimate Beneficiaries). The Company has not received any fund from any party(s) (Funding Party) with the understanding that the Company shall whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or emisies identified by or on behalf or the Funding Porty ("Utimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on bohall of the Ultimate Beneficiarius. 离
 - 39 Compassione figures of the pervious year have been regrouped/ restranged/ reclassified and disclosed wherever applicable to make them companies with those of the current years' figures

As per our report of even date attached

imi's Registration No. 313132E Charlented Appendators For A L P S & CO.

Membership No. 052751 CREbetawat

Date: May 17, 2023 Place Rotlana



V. Matt

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors.

DINE 00013732 5.S.Jahn

V.Matts Director DIN 00338911